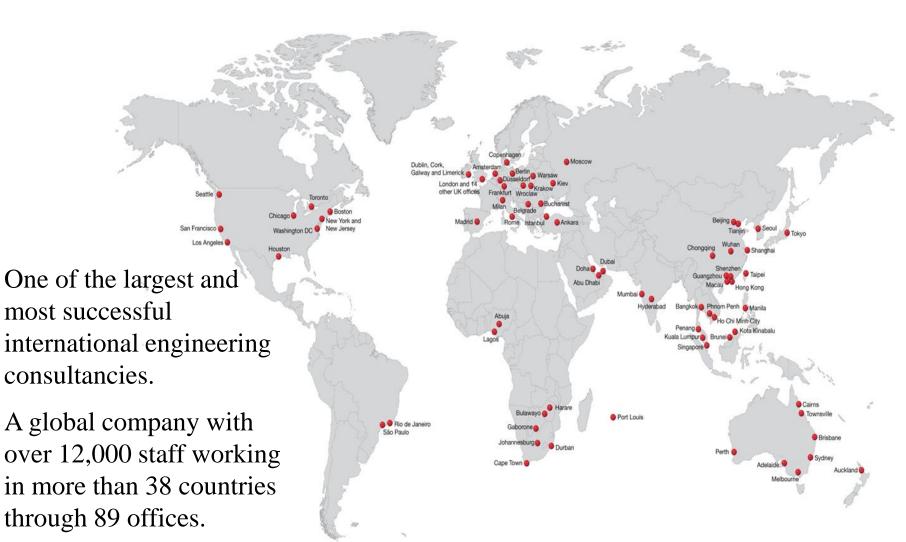


# Designing Out Waste In the Civil Engineering Sector Athens 2014

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# **About Arup**





# Why consider waste prevention?



- Construction and demolition waste is one of the largest waste streams generated in the EU.
- WFD 2008 established a target to recycle 70% of non-hazardous construction and demolition waste by 2020.
- However focusing on recycling will not achieve the same environmental and economic benefits as waste prevention.
- WFD also requires member states to produce a Waste Prevention Plan.



**970 million tonnes** of construction, demolition and excavation waste are being produced in the EU each year

Source: EUROSTAT 2010 (2006 data)



# **Designing Out Waste Principles**

#### **Design for:**

- Reuse and recovery e.g. Refurbishment/refit rather than demolition and new build
- **Off site construction** e.g. Prefabrication of complete modules and individual component assemblies.
- Materials optimisation e.g. Using less material, and reducing variables and bespoke elements in materials and design.
- Waste efficient procurement e.g. Early Contractor Involvement or Integrated Project Teams, and consider how the project programming can affect waste creation.
- Deconstruction and flexibility e.g. Consider maintenance & adaptability for future uses.

Source: WRAP (2012) Designing out waste: A design team guide for civil engineering





# Designing out Waste Process





implement

- Identify opportunities to Design Out Waste
- Prioritise those with biggest impact and easiest to implement
- **Investigate** their viability
- Quantify the benefits
- **Embed** in the design
- Record in the SWMP
- Communicate to the site
- team/subcontractor

Source: WRAP (2012) Designing out waste: A design team guide for civil engineering







#### **Barrier**

#### Overcoming the barrier

#### Perceived Cost







- ■Understanding the real value of waste is important and can help in prioritizing the areas to target to prevent waste.
- ■True cost of waste = 20 times the amount of the original estimate for waste disposal.
- ■The best opportunities for waste prevention & cost savings in infrastructure and construction projects occur during the design stage.
- Try to quantify the cost savings associated with waste prevention opportunities.



#### **Barrier** Overcoming the barrier Designing out Waste is considered too late Think about preventing waste as early as possible in the project life cycle. in the Project. The outline design and detailed design **Project stage** Action are the best time to design out waste and Tendering and **Pre-construction** appointment evaluate options. **Outline design** The biggest **Designing out Waste** opportunities occur in the **Estimating waste** design stages **Detailed design** Site waste Construction management and Reviewing **Post-construction** performance **Benchmarking**



#### Barrier

#### **Overcoming the barrier**

Not client driven:

Errors in contract documents

Contract documents incomplete at
commencement of construction

Lack of early stakeholder's involvement.











## **Project 1: Ipswich Chord**



C Spencer Ltd (Spencer) commissioned Arup to provide multi-disciplinary design on the Ipswich Chord rail project. The key designing out waste opportunities identified included:

- Recycling demolition material from an existing building for use in embankment construction;
- Topsoil stripped for re-use in new embankments a site landscape works;
- All retaining walls will utilise precast units constructed off site; and
- The site's 3 main bridges would be formed of prefabricated steel which can easily be recycled.





## **Project 2:** Leeds Flood Alleviation Project

Arup have been commissioned by Leeds City Council (LCC) to prepare a planning application as well as multidisciplinary design for stage 1 of the proposed Leeds Flood Alleviation Scheme (FAS). The key designing out waste opportunities identified included:

- Topsoil stripped on site will be re-used in new embankments and site landscape works;
- All retaining walls utilise precast units constructed off site; and
- The site's 3 main bridges were formed of prefabricated steel which can easily be recycled.





# **Project 3:** Bathing Waters Directive Project

This project from the UK covered a range of sites which required upgrading such as Wastewater Treatment Works as well as new pipelines and sewage pumping stations. The key designing out waste opportunities identified included:

- Using excavated materials to form bunds and landscaping to ensure compliance with planning conditions;
- Reusing aggregate from piling matts and haul roads and incorporated this within the permanent works for roads; and
- Reducing excavated materials by optimising the dig for a new rising main;
- Topsoil was donated to a local land owner for landscaping of a holiday cottage development.



# Summary



- Tackling resources and waste is likely to achieve significant environmental and commercial benefits.
- Remember the true cost of waste is important and can help in prioritizing the areas to target to prevent waste.
- Designers play a key role for identifying opportunities to design out waste.
- The sooner waste is considered in the design process the better.
- Always consider potential constraints/ barriers which occur on every project.
- There are tools to assist designers and waste specialists.

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